## Tagawa Greenhouse

### **Sleeping Beauty Hosta**

Sleeping Beauty Hosta Hosta 'Sleeping Beauty'

Height: 20 inches Spread: 20 inches

Spacing: 16 inches

Sunlight: 0

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

#### **Description:**

Eye catching silver-blue leaves with creamy white margins; leaf is heart shaped, thick, and lightly ribbed; spikes of pale lavender flowers in mid to late summer; a stunning specimen in the garden or border

#### **Ornamental Features**

Sleeping Beauty Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender tubular flowers rising above the foliage from mid to late summer. Its attractive heart-shaped leaves remain silvery blue in color with distinctive creamy white edges throughout the season.

#### Landscape Attributes

Sleeping Beauty Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Sleeping Beauty Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Sleeping Beauty Hosta foliage Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



17999 WCR 4 Brighton, CO, 80603 phone: 303-775-9629 www.incolorme.com

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#### Planting & Growing

Sleeping Beauty Hosta will grow to be about 16 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 20 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 16 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.