

## Lanceleaf Hosta

---



### Lanceleaf Hosta

*Hosta lancifolia*

Plant Height: 18 inches

Flower Height: 24 inches

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:  

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia



*Lanceleaf Hosta*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### Description:

Lovely mounds of green, lance shaped foliage with wavy margins create the perfect background for shaded borders and gardens; violet-lilac flowers appear on arching scapes during the mid summer; adds texture and contrast; low maintenance and easy to grow

### Ornamental Features

Lanceleaf Hosta features dainty spikes of lilac purple bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its textured narrow leaves remain forest green in color throughout the season.

### Landscape Attributes

Lanceleaf Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Disease

Lanceleaf Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

# Tagawa Greenhouse

17999 WCR 4  
Brighton, CO, 80603  
phone: 303-775-9629  
[www.incolorme.com](http://www.incolorme.com)

## Lanceleaf Hosta

---

### Planting & Growing

Lanceleaf Hosta will grow to be about 18 inches tall at maturity extending to 24 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.