

Kabitan Hosta



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Hosta sieboldiana 'Kabitan'

Plant Height: 8 inches

Flower Height: 12 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 10 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 2b

Other Names: Funkia, Plantain Lily

Description:

A wonderful smaller variety that features narrow and wavy golden leaves with dark green margins; a perfect addition to shaded borders and beds; lavender-violet colored blooms rise above during the mid summer months; low maintenance and easy to grow

Ornamental Features

Kabitan Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender tubular flowers rising above the foliage from mid to late summer. Its attractive small textured narrow leaves remain gold in color with distinctive green edges throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Kabitan Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting hummingbirds to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Kabitan Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Kabitan Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Kabitan Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Tagawa Greenhouse

17999 WCR 4
Brighton, CO, 80603
phone: 303-775-9629
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Kabitan Hosta

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Kabitan Hosta will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity extending to 12 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 10 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.