

## Edge Of Night Hosta

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### Edge Of Night Hosta *Hosta 'Edge Of Night'*

Height: 28 inches

Spread: 4 feet

Spacing: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

#### Description:

Large and heavily textured dark olive to spinach green leaves with a blue cast, dimpled, puckered and deeply cupped; provides beautiful texture and contrast to other plants; lavender spikes of flowers in early to mid-summer



*Edge Of Night Hosta foliage*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

#### Ornamental Features

Edge Of Night Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender tubular flowers rising above the foliage from early to mid summer. Its attractive textured oval leaves remain dark green in color with showy olive green variegation throughout the season.

#### Landscape Attributes

Edge Of Night Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Edge Of Night Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

# Tagawa Greenhouse

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### Planting & Growing

Edge Of Night Hosta will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 4 feet apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.