

Blue Angel Hosta



Blue Angel Hosta

Hosta 'Blue Angel'

Plant Height: 30 inches

Flower Height: 4 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

One of the largest blue-leafed Hostas available; extra large, heavily textured, heart-shaped blue-green leaves create large, dense mounds; light lavender flowers appear in mid summer; adds color, texture and contrast to shaded garden beds

Ornamental Features

Blue Angel Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive enormous textured heart-shaped leaves emerge blue in spring, turning bluish-green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Blue Angel Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its wonderfully bold, coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced garden composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Blue Angel Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Blue Angel Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Blue Angel Hosta foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Tagawa Greenhouse

17999 WCR 4
Brighton, CO, 80603
phone: 303-775-9629
www.incolorme.com

Blue Angel Hosta

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Blue Angel Hosta will grow to be about 30 inches tall at maturity extending to 4 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring face plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.