

Red Sea Coral Bells



Red Sea Coral Bells *Heuchera 'Red Sea'*

Plant Height: 12 inches

Flower Height: 16 inches

Spread: 16 inches

Spacing: 14 inches

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Other Names: Coralbells, Alumroot

Description:

Rich, deep red to black foliage with rose undersides and copper highlights; spikes of white flowers in late spring; amazing contrast to other plants; great versatility; keep soil moist in heat of summer

Ornamental Features

Red Sea Coral Bells features dainty spikes of white bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage from late spring to early summer. Its attractive crinkled lobed leaves emerge red in spring, turning dark red in color with curious rose undersides and tinges of coppery-bronze. The foliage often turns ruby-red in fall.

Landscape Attributes

Red Sea Coral Bells is a dense herbaceous evergreen perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. It is a good choice for attracting hummingbirds to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Red Sea Coral Bells is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Red Sea Coral Bells flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Red Sea Coral Bells
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Tagawa Greenhouse

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Brighton, CO, 80603
phone: 303-775-9629
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Red Sea Coral Bells

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Container Planting

Planting & Growing

Red Sea Coral Bells will grow to be about 12 inches tall at maturity extending to 16 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 16 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 14 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an evergreen perennial, this plant will typically keep its form and foliage year-round.



Red Sea Coral Bells foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.

Red Sea Coral Bells is a fine choice for the garden, but it is also a good selection for planting in outdoor pots and containers. It is often used as a 'filler' in the 'spiller-thriller-filler' container combination, providing a mass of flowers and foliage against which the larger thriller plants stand out. Note that when growing plants in outdoor containers and baskets, they may require more frequent waterings than they would in the yard or garden.